

PROPOSED CONSTITUTION AMENDMENTS.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, Three-fifths of the members elected to each House concurring therein, That it be and hereby is proposed to the electors of this State to vote on the second Tuesday of October next, upon the approval or rejection of the following amendments as a substitute for the twenty-fifth Section of the second article of the Constitution and for the second section of the same Article, and for the third Section of the eleventh Article, viz: All regular sessions of the General Assembly shall commence on the first Monday of January, annually. Senators shall be elected biennially, and Representatives annually, by the electors of their respective counties or districts on the second Tuesday of October. Their term of office shall commence on the first day of January next after their election, and that of the Senator shall continue two years, and that of Representatives one year. The Senators elected in October next shall hold their offices for two years, and the Representatives elected at the same time shall hold their offices for one year. Provided, that seventeen of the Senators elected on the second Tuesday of October, 1857, to be ascertained by lot, as the President of the Senate may direct, shall hold their office for only one year, and their successors shall be elected on the second Tuesday of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and biennially thereafter. When any county shall have a fraction above the rates for Representatives so large that being multiplied by ten, the result shall be equal to one or more ratios, additional Representatives shall be apportioned for such ratios among the several sessions of the decennial period in the following manner: If there be only one ratio then a Representative shall be allotted to the tenth session of the decennial period.

If there are two ratios Representatives shall be allotted to the ninth and tenth sessions; If three to the eighth, ninth, and tenth sessions; If four to the seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth; If five to the sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth; If six to the fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth; If seven to the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth; If eight to the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth; If nine to the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sessions of the decennial period respectively.

In determining the number of Senators to which any Senatorial district might be entitled in any decennial period, by reason of any fraction of a Senatorial ratio, the fraction shall be multiplied by five, and if the result be equal to one Senatorial ratio, an additional Senator shall be allotted to said district for the ninth and tenth sessions. If it be equal to two such ratios an additional Senator for the seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sessions shall be allotted to such district. If three times to the fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sessions respectively. If four times to the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sessions respectively. If five times to the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sessions respectively. If six times to the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sessions respectively. If seven times to the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sessions respectively.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, Three-fifths of the members elected to each House concurring therein, That it be and hereby is proposed to the electors of this State to vote on the second Tuesday of October next, upon the approval or rejection of the following amendments as a substitute for the fifth and sixth sections of the fourth article of the Constitution, viz: Sec. 5. District Courts shall be held in each county at least once in each year, by one or more District Judges elected by the electors of separate districts to be prescribed by law, who shall hold their office for five years, and during their continuance in office shall reside in the district for which they are elected. The provisions of the fourteenth section of this article shall apply to District Judges. The General Assembly may by law authorize the judges of the District Court, and of the courts of common pleas, to fix the times of holding their respective courts until District Judges shall have been elected and qualified. District Courts shall be held by the Judges of the Supreme Court and the Courts of Common Pleas, as now authorized. Sec. 6. The District Court shall have such jurisdiction as may be provided by law, and the judges thereof shall have and exercise such power and jurisdiction at chambers, and may be required to sit as judges of the Courts of Common Pleas as shall be directed by law.

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grounds, public school houses, and all other public property, and all institutions of purely public charity, and all houses used exclusively for public worship, shall be exempt from taxation. All property employed in banking shall always bear a burden of taxation equal to that imposed on the property of individuals.

N. H. VAN VORHES,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
THOMAS H. FORD,
President of the Senate.
April 3d, 1857.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, Three-fifths of the members elected to each House concurring therein, That it be and hereby is proposed to the electors of this State to vote on the second Tuesday of October next, upon the approval or rejection of the following amendments as a substitute for the first and second sections of the thirteenth article of the Constitution. Viz: Corporations of any kind shall be created only by general laws which shall define the powers, privileges and immunities and prescribe the duties and liabilities of each class or description of corporations, but the General Assembly may enact special laws for the relief of corporations in peculiar cases, and may make special provisions in regard to corporations in cases where from their peculiar locations or interests such special provisions are required, and may from time to time alter or repeal all such laws, as are authorized by this section.

N. H. VAN VORHES,
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THOMAS H. FORD,
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April 3d, 1857.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, Three-fifths of the members elected to each House concurring therein, That it be and hereby is proposed to the electors of this State to vote, on the second Tuesday of October next, upon the approval or rejection of the following amendment as an additional section of the eleventh article of the Constitution. Every county which now is, or may hereafter be entitled to more than one Senator, or Representative for the residue of the present decennial period, or for all or any portion of any subsequent decennial period shall be divided into as many Senatorial and Representative districts as there may be Senators or Representatives elective in any year of the present, or any subsequent decennial period, which district shall be of contiguous territory, and each district shall contain as nearly a ratio for Senator or Representatives as is attainable, without violating the rule herein given as to contiguity of territory, and without dividing any township, election precinct, or ward. If any Representative, or Senatorial district comprised of two or more counties shall by reason of any excess of population over a ratio, be entitled to additional Representatives or Senators for any portion of the present or any subsequent decennial period, the district shall be divided into two districts, for each portion of such decennial period, which shall contain as nearly a ratio as is attainable without dividing counties. If by reason of the annexation of one Senatorial district to another, there shall be any excess of population over a Senatorial ratio for any portion of any decennial period, each district, as now constituted, shall elect one Senator. Counties shall be divided into districts by the county commissioners or such other board of officers elective and resident in the proper county as may be provided by law. At least four months prior to the general election in 1857, the counties entitled to more than one member of either house shall be divided into districts for the residue of the present decennial period, and at least four months prior to the general election in the first year of each subsequent decennial period, the counties entitled to more than one member for all, or any portion of such decennial period, in either or both houses, shall be divided into districts for the whole of the decennial period. A description of the districts of each county shall be published as may be directed by the county commissioners or as may be prescribed by law.

N. H. VAN VORHES,
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Not one farmer out of twenty knows what it is to have his table well supplied with early vegetables, although the cost of a hot bed is trifling, and it can be made in a few hours at a time when the work on the farm is not very pressing. Choose a warm, dry border, facing to the south or south-west, and out of the range of buildings and shade trees, so that it will have the full force of the sun's rays. Dig a pit from one to two feet deep, over which to place the frame. Make the frame of one and a quarter inch plank. The size may be from five to eight feet in width, and of any desirable length. When the frame is adjusted over the pit, fill it about half full of fresh horse manure which has been well kept and not exposed to the action of the weather. Put on the sashes and allow them to remain three or four days, after which the soil can be put from six to eight inches in depth. This must be the best mould produced from the garden. The seed should not be planted for several days after the bed has been made, as there is danger of destroying the germ if seed is put over the hot manure so soon.

Air should be given to the bed before it is planted. The frame should be banked up with warm manure and soil on all sides, to protect it from cold, and when the weather is unusually inclement, it would be well to cover it with straw. The bed should be sprinkled with water daily until the plants appear, and when the weather is sufficiently warm, the sashes can be removed, to allow the entrance of fresh air, and make the plants grow strong and hardy.

Good Farming.
How is it that a man should farm, to do the most credit to himself and his landlord? It is a general question that might be here considered. A crop of turnips, a herd of cattle, or a sample of seeds have made many a one's fame, and now, though after all, these can be only individual items on this account. It is the uniform and methodical excellence of a system that in the long run will be the most likely to pay. To be sure some have worked fortune, and worked well too, by directing their energies more particularly to one special branch of the pursuit. Such, however, at best, can be but exceptional. Their success depends upon their being but few others anywhere near an equality with them.

Whereas good cultivation on a limited area like ours, can never extend too generally, while we are called upon to fashion a model farm, we can only repeat that we should have him mainly depend on the thorough harmony of his arrangements. Like an accomplished musician, or a real gentleman, there should not be a note out of place, or an ornament but what was warranted by its use. And why not have a model farmer? We have prize oxen, renowned sheep and famous pigs.

Orchard.—Nothing is more detrimental to a young orchard than to sow in small grain of any kind, particularly oats. The best crop to be grown in orchards is potatoes; or, for a rotation, corn, buckwheat or vines. When the orchard is eight or ten years old sow clover, and wheat around the trees. The most of our fruit land Northeast. When the trees are small and newly set guard against this by setting stakes and fastening the trees, leaning them to the South-west; a rope of oat straw is good to tie with.—*Practical Farmer.*

The wild woman seen near Lincoln, Alabama, is described as small, fair and quite naked with the exception of a pair of moccasins. She runs with great swiftness, leaping on all fours over every impediment. One of the hunting party that saw the wild woman says she was accompanied by a large number of remarkable whitehens, by whose wool she held on when running up hills and springing over rocks. This ram appeared much attached to her, and seemed like her dog, for he followed her, and when she stopped, he would sit down and look up at her. It appears that fifteen years ago, a little girl, daughter of a woman residing on the banks of the Tombigbee river, was lost as well as a pet lamb of hers.

A writer beautifully remarks that a man's mother is the representative of his Maker. Misfortune and mere crime set no barriers between her and her son. While his mother lives a man has one friend on earth, who will not desert him while in need. Her affection flows from a pure fountain, and ceases only at the ocean of eternity.

Habits are as easily caught as yellow fever. Let a circus arrive in town, and in less than a week half the boys in town will be throwing somersets, and breaking their necks over empty mackerel barrels.

A woman about to sign a deed, was asked by the judge if her husband compelled her to sign. "He compelled me," said the indignant woman, "No twenty like him couldn't do such a thing."

A country chap, who was caught in the water while on a grist mill, and while the good fortune to escape with no other damage than a slight chafe, says he intends to apply for a pension on the ground that he is a survivor of the revolution.

Industry will make a purse, and frugality will save it. You struggle to this purse will cost you nothing. Draw the strings as frugality directs, and you will always find a useful penny at the bottom.

We have heard it remarked that when David hurled the stone at Goliath, the latter must have been surprised as such a thing never entered his head before!

A boy was lately asked the catechism of the school "Who first bit the apple?" To which he replied,—"Don't know; but guess it was our Bets, for she eats green apples like the devil."

Infinite toil would not enable you to sweep away a mist; but by ascending a little, you may look over it all together.

Dr. J. H. MERRIDITH,
Main Street, Eaton, Opposite the "National Hotel."
Jan. 25-ly.

THE PERFUME
OF THE
WESTERN HEMISPHERE,
FRESH FROM LIVING FLOWERS.

MURRAY AND LANMAN'S
FLORIDA WATER.

This rare perfume and cosmetic is prepared from tropical flowers of surpassing fragrance, without any admixture of coarse essential oils, which form the staple of many "Essence" and "Extracts" for the Toilet. It is as inimitable as that of the "Parfums de Cologne," and as fresh and delicate as the breath of a rose.